

A SNAPSHOT OF



STATE HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN FOR RETIREES FOR 2010

When You Retire – General Information

- You may keep your health coverage if you are eligible to receive a monthly retirement benefit from a Georgiasponsored retirement system and are enrolled in SHBP coverage at the time you retire. You cannot enroll in SHBP after you retire
- You cannot continue your health insurance if you take a lump sum distribution from a Georgia-sponsored retirement system and do not receive a monthly retirement benefit payment
- Your eligible dependents must also be enrolled in SHBP coverage at the time you retire to continue their coverage. Dependents may not be added after retirement unless you experience a qualifying event
- Your health insurance automatically "rolls over" into retirement
 with the same coverage tier (family or single) and dependents
 you currently have covered if you are receiving your annuity
 from the Employees Retirement System, Teachers Retirement
 System or the Public School Employees Retirement System.
 However, if you and/or a covered dependant are covered
 by Medicare, coverage will roll to the Medicare Advantage
 Standard Plan of the health care vendor the retiree had as an

MEDICARE AND YOU

- If you are actively working for the state at age 65 or older, State Health Benefit Plan (SHBP) will pay primary benefits on you and your spouse; you are not required to enroll for Medicare until you retire
- Medicare does not impose penalties if you enroll in Medicare after you first become eligible if the reason for delay is that you were actively working and had group health insurance. However, you must apply within Medicare's time limits once you retire. For information regarding Medicare enrollment call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or visit the Web site at www.medicare.gov
- active employee provided SHBP has received and processed your Medicare information. If you are covered by another Georgia sponsored Retirement System, you must complete a Retiree/Surviving Spouse form to continue your health insurance into retirement
- Once you are set up as a retiree at a Georgia-sponsored retirement system, you will receive a letter from SHBP that allows you to change your option within 31 days of the receipt of the letter
- You may drop to single coverage or discontinue your coverage at anytime, but once you drop the coverage, you cannot get it back
- If your address changes, you must notify SHBP to continue to receive health plan information. SHBP will not be responsible for missed enrollment change opportunities or deadlines if you do not keep your contact information updated. Please send a letter with our retiree's name, social security number and new address to SHBP, P.O. Box 1990, Atlanta, GA 30301-1990
- · You do not pay tobacco or spousal surcharges
- · Your choices are single or family coverage

If you and your spouse are retired and under age 65

- SHBP will remain your primary insurer and premiums will be the same as an active employee until you or your spouse turn 65 or become eligible for Medicare
- You may want to consider one of the consumer driven health plan options HDHP or HRA

When you and/or your spouse or eligible dependents reach age 65 or become eligible for Medicare due to a disability

You should enroll in Medicare Parts A and B as soon as you are eligible. Part A covers hospitalization and B covers your physician visits, tests etc.



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- You will pay the higher premiums until the SHBP receives proof of your Medicare enrollment and the change in
 premium is processed by the retirement system. You should submit copies of your Medicare cards to the SHBP as
 soon as you receive them to: SHBP, P. O. Box 1990, Atlanta, GA 30301-1990. Delay in submission of Medicare
 information does not qualify for a refund of the difference in premiums.
- Your options change to the Medicare Advantage Standard or Premium plans if you wish to continue to receive the state contribution toward your health insurance premiums
- You may still enroll in the HRA, HMO, HDHP or OAP options but will pay the entire cost of the premium change is
 process by the retirement system. ou should submit copies of your Medicare cards to the SHBP as soon as you
 receive them to: SHBP, P. O. Box 1990, Atlanta, GA 30301-1990. Delay in submission of Medicare information does
 not qualify for a refund of the difference in premiums
- Your options change to the Medicare Advantage Standard or Premium plans if you wish to continue to receive the state contribution toward your health insurance premiums
- You may enroll in the HRA, HMO, HDHP or OAP options but will pay the entire cost of the premium

Changing Options

- Annual Retiree Option Change Period (ROCP) is held each fall and corresponds with the annual open enrollment period. During this time period, you may change your options for the next plan year. An ROCP packet will be mailed to your home prior to the start of the ROCP if SHBP has your correct address
- Any changes made during the ROCP will be effective the following January 1

Qualifying Events

Qualifying events allow you to make changes in your health insurance. You must submit the request to SHBP within 31 days prior to or after the qualifying event. The effective date of the change in coverage will be the first of the month following the request. If SHBP needs more information, you will receive a letter requesting information. If SHBP receives the documentation within the Plan Year, coverage will be retroactive to the later of the qualifying event date or the first of the Plan year. If the request is not received within this time frame, you will not be able to add the dependent to your coverage unless you experience another qualifying event.

	Qualifying Event	Action Allowed
•	Eligibility for retiree coverage Annuity no longer covers premium amount Become eligible for Medicare Parts A and B	Change to another option
•	Acquire dependent because of marriage, birth, adoption or Qualified Medical Child Support Order Loss of dependent's health benefit coverage through spouse's or former spouse's coverage through active employment, COBRA coverage, or loss of eligibility for coverage at retirement	 Add dependent(s) – proper documentation required Change coverage tier
•	Spouse or enrolled dependent's employment status changes affecting coverage eligibility	Change coverage tier - proper documentation is required

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Surviving Spouses (living spouse of a deceased retiree) and eligible dependents

If your surviving spouse or eligible children will receive(s) an annuity:

- Apply within 31 days of retiree's death
- · Current coverage can continue
- Premium deducted from annuity if the annuity is large enough to cover the premium. If not, payments must be made directly to the Plan
- New dependents or spouses cannot be added to survivor's coverage

If your surviving spouse will not receive an annuity:

- · Coverage can continue if married at least one year
- Apply within 31 days of retiree's death
- Premium paid directly to Plan
- Coverage ends if spouse remarries
- Cannot add new dependents to coverage

If your surviving child will not receive an annuity and there is no surviving spouse – the child may continue the coverage for 36 months through COBRA provisions.

What if you and your spouse both work for the state and are eligible for SHBP coverage?

- If you need family coverage because you need to cover a dependent, the retiree or active employee may take family coverage. However, the retiree must have picked up family coverage during the last Open Enrollment period as an active employee
- If you are retiring and are covered as a dependent under your active spouse's SHBP coverage, you have two options:
 - Remain as a covered dependent under your active spouse's coverage or
 - Enroll as a single employee during the last Open Enrollment period as an active employee
- If one spouse is retired and the other spouse is still actively working, when your last dependent becomes ineligible for coverage, the active employee can drop to single coverage and the retiree can pick up single coverage. The request must be submitted for both members within 31 days of the qualifying event. Both members must request the change to single. One cannot keep family while the other requests single coverage
- If you or your spouse have family coverage as a retiree, you may drop to single coverage at any time and the spouse may pick up single coverage if the request is made within 31 days of your spouse dropping to single coverage
- If you and your spouse are retired, covered by SHBP and are both drawing a monthly retirement benefit from a Georgia sponsored retirement system you may change from family coverage to each having single coverage at any time. (The request for you and your spouse must be filed at the same time)

For more detailed information, please refer to the *Decision Guide* or Summary Plan Descriptions (SPD) available at www.dch.georgia.gov/shbp.

Disclaimer: This material is for informational purposes and is not a contract. It is intended only to highlight principal eligibility and benefits. Every effort has been made to be as accurate as possible; however, should there be a difference between this information and the Plan documents, the Plan documents govern. It is the responsibility of each member, active or retired, to read the Summary Plan Description and all Plan materials provided in order to fully understand the eligibility and option provisions.